UNITS I-6

Guided Phonics + Beyond

INSTANT assessments



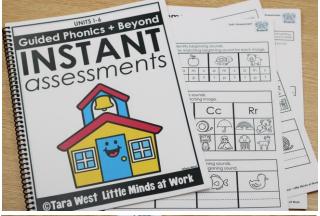
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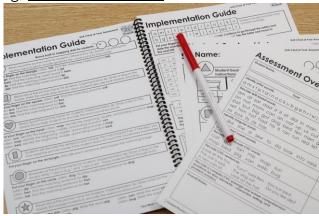
©Tara West Little Minds at Work

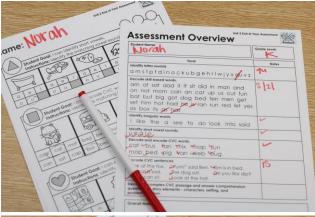
Thanks so much for downloading the free Guided Phonics + Beyond supplemental packet: INSTANT Assessments. Please view this explicit and thorough explanation video for the <u>HERE</u> and <u>HERE</u>. The Guided Phonics + Beyond Curriculum includes 275 days of explicit and systematic lesson plans, decodable books, embedded high frequency words, phonemic awareness, and more. View the comprehensive and science of reading aligned curriculum, Guided Phonics + Beyond, <u>HERE</u>. Within this packet you will be able to access the following end of the year assessments:

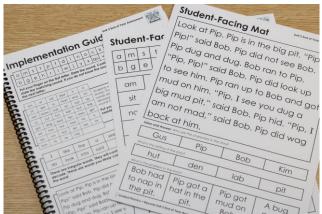
- UNIT I: ABCs
- UNIT 2: CVC words
- **UNIT 3:** Digraphs, double endings, and beginning blends
- UNIT 4: CVCE words
- **UNIT 5:** Ending blends, r-controlled vowels, and silent letters
- UNIT 6: Vowel variants

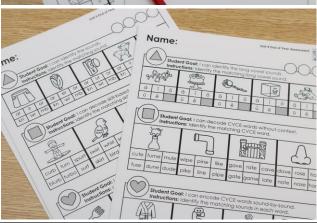
If you have any additional questions, feel free join the <u>Facebook</u> Community, email me at littlemindsatworkLLC@gmail.com, or visit my blog, <u>Little Minds at Work</u>.

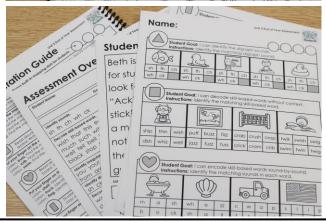














Name:





Student Goal: I can identify beginning sounds.

Instructions: Identify the matching beginning sound for each image.

@)e		
а	m	S	а	m	S	а	m	S	а	m	S	а	m	S
†	р	f	†	р	f	t	р	f	†	р	f	†	р	f



Student Goal: I can decode sounds.

Instructions: Identify the matching image

	Instruction	1s: Idenilly 	the matc	ning imag 	e.			
Bb		L	.l	C	C	Rr		
		A						

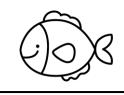


Student Goal: I can encode beginning sounds.

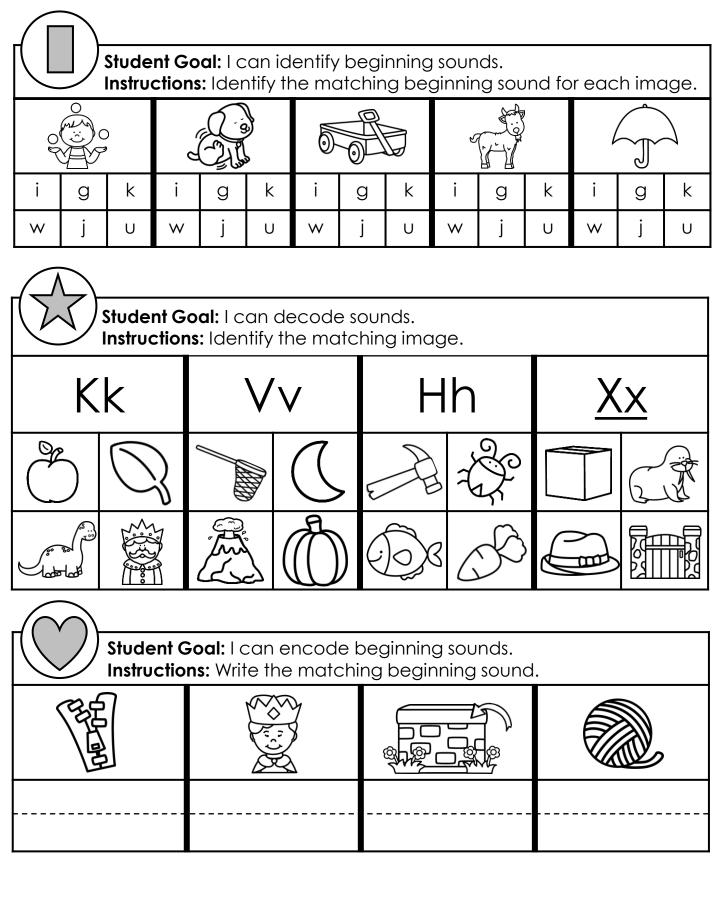
Instructions: Write the matching beginning sound.









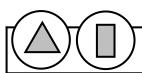




а	m	S	†	р	f	d	•	n	0	С	k	U
b	0)	Φ	ſ	r		X	j	У	X	qu	>	Z

	!	! !	!	!!!	!
g	T	D	Р	r	b
Z	С	S	а	h	m
†	n	Ι	L	U	е
У	Е	0	F	С	X
Z	G	K	V	Q	j
р	S	0	İ	R	q
	k	W	В	f	Α
J	W	d	M	U	Υ
V	N	Ι	X		





Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the beginning sound for each letter.

Put your finger on the triangle/rectangle. Listen, monkey. Find the matching beginning sound.

Listen, **sun**. Find the matching beginning sound in **sun**.

Listen, apple. Find the matching beginning sound in apple.

Listen, turtle. Find the matching beginning sound in turtle.

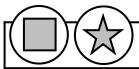
Listen, pig. Find the matching beginning sound in pig.

Listen, juggle. Find the matching beginning sound in juggle.

Listen, itch. Find the matching beginning sound in itch.

Listen, wagon. Find the matching beginning sound in wagon.

Listen, **goat**. Find the matching beginning sound in **goat**. Listen, **umbrella**. Find the matching beginning sound in **umbrella**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the beginning sound for each image.

Put your finger on the square/star. Generate the letter's matching beginning sound. Find the image with the matching beginning sound.

Bb: pizza, **bear**, wagon, nail Ll: zebra, igloo, hammer, **lion** Cc: yo-yo, umbrella, **cat**, volcano Rr: **rainbow**, koala, jellyfish, goat

Kk: apple, leaf, dinosaur, **king**Vv: net, moon, **volcano**, pumpkin
Hh: **hammer**, bug, fish, carrot
Xx: **box**, walrus, hat, gate



Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the beginning sound for each image.

Put your finger on the circle/heart. Listen, **octopus**. Write the matching beginning sound letter.

Listen, **nest**. Write the matching beginning sound in **nest**.

Listen, fish. Write the matching beginning sound in fish.

Listen, duck. Write the matching beginning sound in duck.

Listen, zipper. Write the matching beginning sound in zipper.

Listen, queen. Write the matching beginning sound in queen.

Listen, edge. Write the matching beginning sound in edge.

Listen, yarn. Write the matching beginning sound in yarn.



-	а	m	s	t	р	f	d	i	n	0	С	k	u
	b	g	е	h	r		W	j	У	Х	qu	٧	Z

Students will demonstrate letter sound knowledge.

Put your finger on the first letter. State the sound. Continue to go through the letters and state the matching sound. If you do not know the sound, tap the table and move to the next letter.

g	Т	D	Р	r	р
Z	С	S	а	h	m
†	n	Н	L	U	е
У	Е	0	F	С	Χ
Z	G	K	V	Q	j
р	S	0	į	R	q
I	k	W	В	f	Α
J	W	d	М	u	Υ
V	Ν	I	Х		
	t y z p I	Z c t n y E z G p s l k J W	Z c S t n H y E O z G K p s o l k w J W d	Z c S a t n H L y E O F z G K V p s o i l k w B J W d M	Z c S a h t n H L U y E O F C z G K V Q p s o i R I k w B f J W d M u

Students will display their ability to identify letter names for both lowercase letters and capital letters.

Put your finger on the first letter. Tell me the letter name.

Assessment Overview



Student Name:	Grade Level:

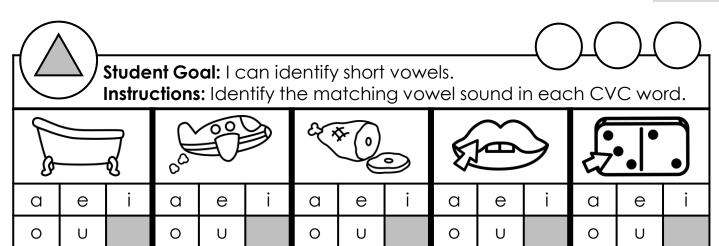
Goal	Notes
Identify letter sounds.	
amstpfdinockubgehrlwjyxquvz	
Identify letter names.	
AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhli	
J j K k L l M m N n O o P p Q q R r	
SsT†UuVvWwXxYyZz	
Generate beginning sounds.	
Mm Ss Aa Tt Pp Jj li Ww Gg Uu	
Connect sounds to images.	
Bb Ll Cc Rr Kk Vv Hh <u>Xx</u>	
Write matching beginning sounds.	
Oo Nn Ff Dd Zz Qq Ee Yy	

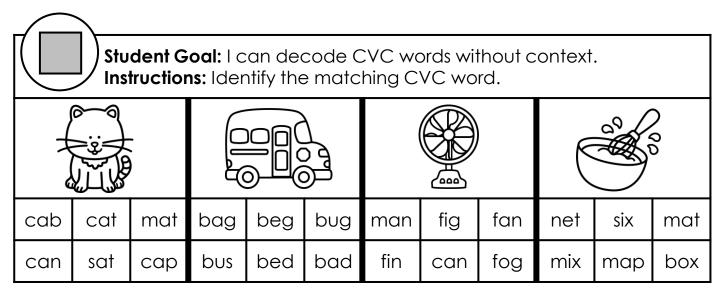
Overall Notes:

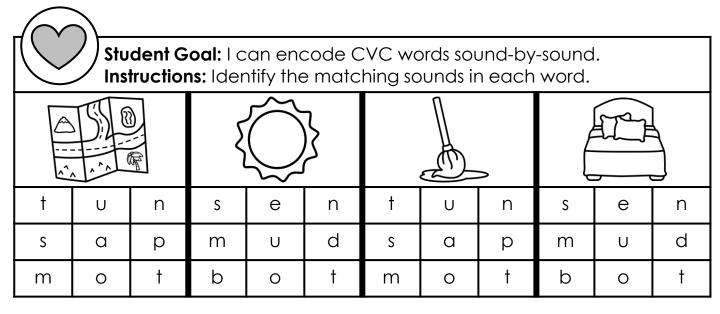
UNIT 2 Assessment

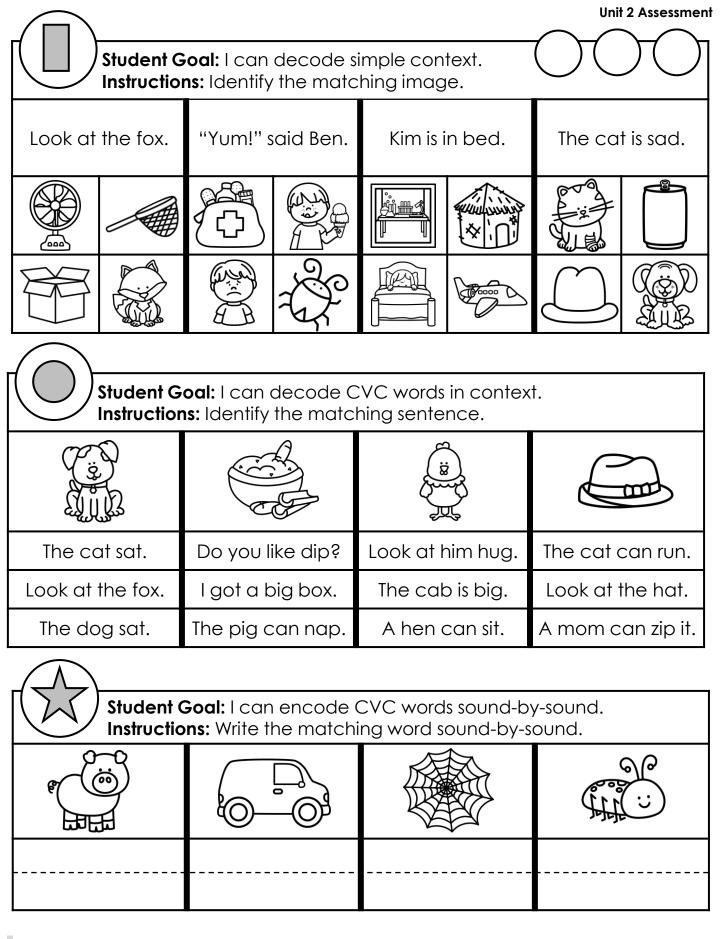
Name:













а	m	S	†	р	f	d	i	n	0	С	k	U
b	0	Φ	h	r		X	j	У	X	qu	>	Z

					1 1
am	at	sat	dad	i†	if
sit	did	in	man	and	on
not	mom	can	an	cat	QU
US	cut	fun	bat	but	big
got	dog	bed	ten	men	get
set	him	hot	had	his	is
ran	run	red	let	yes	six
box	its	as	has		

I	like	the	а	see	to
do	look	into	said		

Look at Pip. Pip is in the big pit. "Pip, Pip!" said Bob. Pip did not see Bob. Pip dug and dug. Bob ran to Pip. "Pip, Pip!" said Bob. Pip did look up to see him. Pip ran up to Bob and got mud on him. "Pip, I see you dug a big mud pit," said Bob. Pip hid. "Pip, I am not mad," said Bob. Pip did wag back at him.

Listen and Answer: Who are the characters in the story?

hat in the

pit.

Gus	Pip	Bob	Kim
What is the setting of the s	story?		
hut	den	lab	pit
What is the problem in the story?			
Bob had	Bob had Pip got a		A bug

mud on

Bob.

Guided Phonics + Beyond Unit 2 Assessmen
--

to nap in

the pit.

got on

Pip.





Bonus built-in mapping dots for students.







Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the vowel sound for each letter.

Put your finger on the triangle. Listen, **tub**. Find the matching vowel sound in **tub**.

Listen, **jet**. Find the matching vowel sound in **jet**.

Listen, **ham**. Find the matching vowel sound in **ham**.

Listen, **lip**. Find the matching vowel sound in **lip**.

Listen, **dot**. Find the matching vowel sound in **dot**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a dog on the board. Write the words dog and dot. Have students decode both before choosing.

Put your finger on the square. Listen, cat. Find the matching word for cat.

Listen, bus. Find the matching word for bus.

Listen, fan. Find the matching word for fan.

Listen, **mix**. Find the matching word for **mix**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a fan on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the heart. Listen, map. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in map.

Listen, **sun**. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in **sun**.

Listen, mop. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in mop.

Listen, **bed**. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in **bed**.



Students will decode the sentence and choose the matching picture. If needed, you may read the picture names if the student does not have the vocabulary knowledge.

Put your finger on the rectangle. Decode each sentence and choose the matching image.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a dog on the board. Write "I see a dog." and "I see a dot." Have students blend through both.

Put your finger on the circle. Listen, dog. Find the matching sentence for dog.

Listen, **dip**. Find the matching sentence for **dip**.

Listen, **hen**. Find the matching sentence for **hen**.

Listen, **hat**. Find the matching sentence for **hat**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a fan on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the star. Listen, pig. Write the word pig. Listen, web. Write the word web.

Listen, van. Write the word van. Listen, bug. Write the word bug.



а	m	S	†	р	f	d	-	n	0	С	k	U
b	9	Φ	h	r		W	j	У	Χ	qυ	V	Z

Students will demonstrate letter sound knowledge.

Put your finger on the first letter. State the sound. Continue to go through the letters and state the matching sound. If you do not know the sound, tap the table and move to the next letter.

am	at	sat	dad	it	if
sit	did	in	man	and	on
not	mom	can	an	cat	up
US	cut	fun	bat	but	big
got	dog	bed	ten	men	get
set	him	hot	had	his	is
ran	run	red	let	yes	six
box	its	as	has		

Students will display their ability to decode skill-based words. These are high frequency words. However, these words are decodable, and students are allowed/encouraged to decode the words sound-by-sound if needed.

Put your finger on the first word. Read the word. If needed, stretch the word sound-by sound.

I	like	the	а	see	to
do	look	into	said		

Students will demonstrate irregular word knowledge.

These are irregular words. They will contain irregular or heart sounds that you cannot fully decode. These are words you likely can tell me by sight. Put your finger on the first word. State the word.

Look at Pip. Pip is in the big pit. "Pip, Pip!" said Bob. Pip did not see Bob. Pip dug and dug. Bob ran to Pip. "Pip, Pip!" said Bob. Pip did look up to see him. Pip ran up to Bob and got mud on him. "Pip, I see you dug a big mud pit," said Bob. Pip hid. "Pip, I am not mad," said Bob. Pip did wag back at him.

Students will display their ability to decode a complex skill-based passage. After reading, students will be asked to display their reading comprehension of the passage.

Read the passage to discover the characters, setting, and problem of the story.

Students will identify the comprehension story elements from the passage.

Characters (Pip and Bob)
Setting (pit)
Problem (Pip got mud on Bob.)

Assessment Overview



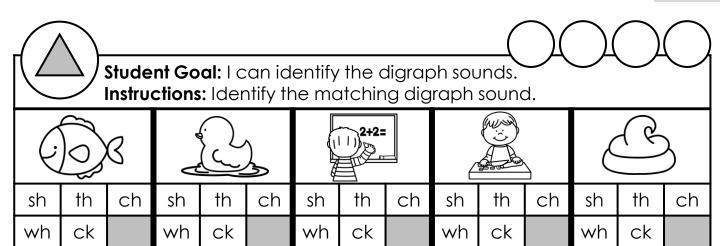
Student Name:	Grade Level:
Goal	Notes
Identify letter sounds.	
amstpfdinockubgehrlwjyxquvz	
Decode skill-based words.	
am at sat dad it if sit did in man and	
on not mom can an cat up us cut fun	
bat but big got dog bed ten men get	
set him hot had his is ran run red let yes	
six box its as has	
Identify irregular words.	
I like the a see to do look into said	
Identify short vowel sounds. U ⊖ □ i ○	
Decode and encode CVC words.	
cat bus fan mix map sun	
mop bed pig van web bug	
Decode CVC sentences.	
Look at the fox. "Yum!" said Ben. Kim is in bed.	
The cat is sad. The dog sat. Do you like dip? A hen can sit. Look at the hat.	
Decode a complex CVC passage and answer comprehension	
questions for story elements - characters, setting, and problem/solution.	
Overall Notes:	

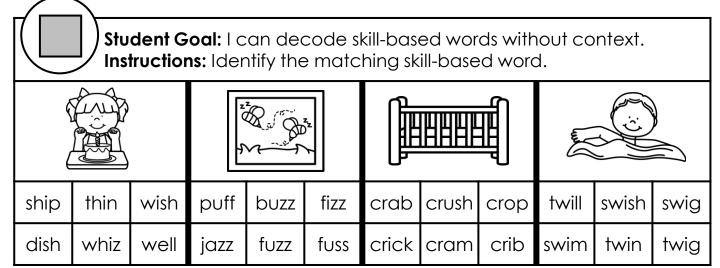
Overall Notes:			

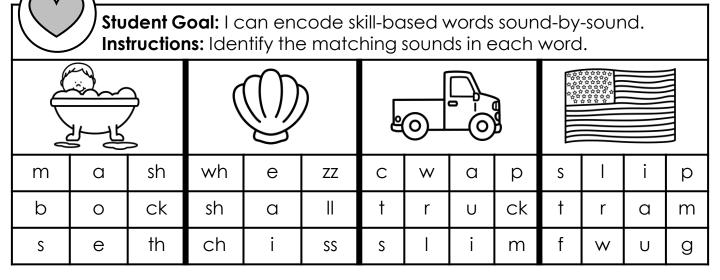
UNIT 3 Assessment

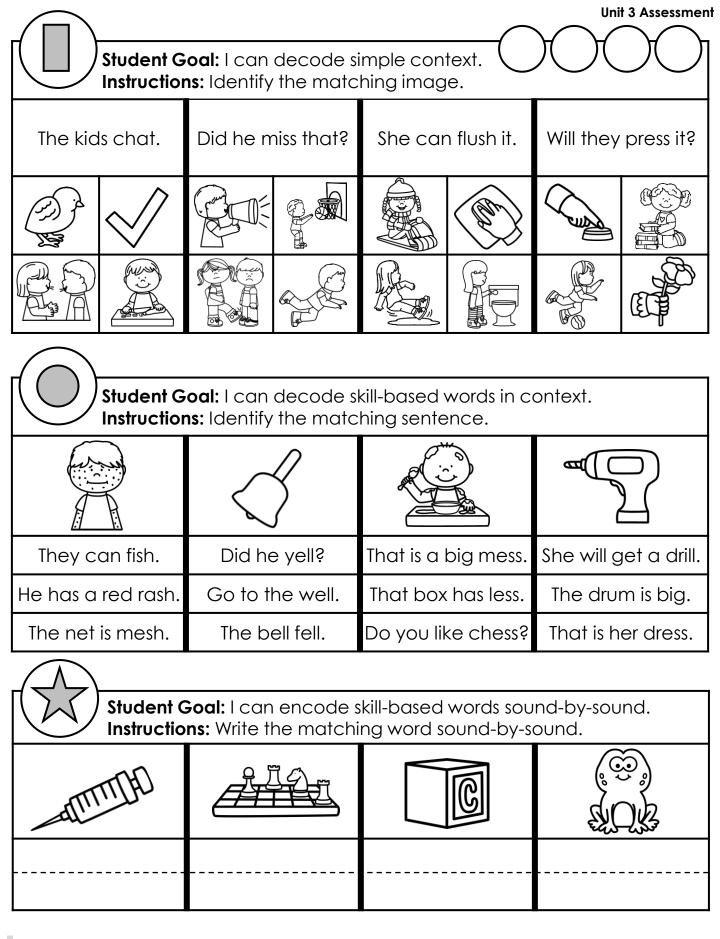
Name:













sh	th	ch	wh	ck	
wish	that	this	them	then	back
duck	pick	much	such	with	when
which	miss	off	will	well	tell
bell	he	be	we	me	she
go	SO	no	black	stop	step
spell	spot	still			
you	your	they	was	here	what
who	all	play	from	are	for
or	of				

Beth is at the shed with Mom to look for stuff to fish with. Beth and Mom look for the mesh net and the rod. "Ack! Mom! What is this on that stick?" said Beth with a shock. "That is a moth. A moth has six thin legs. Do not pick it up," said Mom. "I will grab the stick and toss it back in the

grass," said Beth.											
Listen and Answer: Who are the characters in the story?											
Mom Seth Beth Dad											
What is the setting of the story?											
shop	shed	hill	track								
What is the problem in the	story?										
Beth did not see a	Mom fell in the	A moth did shock	Beth hit								

shed

Beth.

moth.

her leg.





Bonus built-in mapping dots for students.







Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the digraph sounds.

Put your finger on the triangle. Listen, **fish**. Find the matching digraph in **fish**.

Listen, **duck**. Find the matching digraph in **duck**.

Listen, **math**. Find the matching digraph in **math**.

Listen, **chop**. Find the matching digraph in **chop**.

Listen, whip. Find the matching digraph in whip.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a shop on the board. Write the words ship and shop. Have students decode both before choosing.

Put your finger on the square. Listen, wish. Find the matching word for wish.

Listen, **buzz**. Find the matching word for **buzz**.

Listen, crib. Find the matching word for crib.

Listen, **swim**. Find the matching word for **swim**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a path on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the heart. Listen, bath. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in bath.

Listen, shell. Identify the sounds in shell.

Listen, truck. Identify the sounds in truck.

Listen, flag. Identify the sounds in flag.



Students will decode the sentence and choose the matching picture. If needed, you may read the picture names if the student does not have the vocabulary knowledge.

Put your finger on the rectangle. Decode each sentence and choose the matching image.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a moth on the board. Write "I see a moth." and "I see a bath." Have students blend through both.

Put your finger on the circle. Listen, rash. Find the matching sentence for rash.

Listen, **bell**. Find the matching sentence for **bell**.

Listen, mess. Find the matching sentence for mess.

Listen, drill. Find the matching sentence for drill.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a truck on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the star. Listen, **shot**. Write the word **shot**. Listen, block. Write the word block.

Listen, chess. Write the word chess. Listen, frog. Write the word frog.



sh th ch wh ck Students will demonstrate digraph sound knowledge.

Put your finger on the first digraph. State the sound. Continue to go through the digraphs and state the matching sound. If you do not know the sound, tap the table and move to the next digraph.

wish	that	this	them	then	back
duck	pick	much	such	with	when
which	miss	off	will	well	tell
bell	he	be	we	me	she
go	so	no	black	stop	step
spell	spot	still			

Students will display their ability to decode skill-based words. These are high frequency words. However, these words are decodable, and students are allowed/encouraged to decode the words sound-by-sound if needed.

Put your finger on the first word. Read the word. If needed, stretch the word sound-by sound.

you	your	they	was	here	what
who	all	play	from	are	for
or	of				

Students will demonstrate irregular word knowledge.

These are irregular words. They will contain irregular or heart sounds that you cannot fully decode. These are words you likely can tell me by sight. Put your finger on the first word. State the word.

Beth is at the shed with Mom to look for stuff to fish with. Beth and Mom look for the mesh net and the rod. "Ack! Mom! What is this on that stick?" said Beth with a shock. "That is a moth. A moth has six thin legs. Do not pick it up," said Mom. "I will grab the stick and toss it back in the grass," said Beth.

Students will display their ability to decode a complex skill-based passage. After reading, students will be asked to display their reading comprehension of the passage.

Read the passage to discover the characters, setting, and problem of the story.

Students will identify the comprehension story elements from the passage.

Characters (Mom and Beth)
Setting (shed)
Problem (A moth did shock Beth.)

Assessment Overview

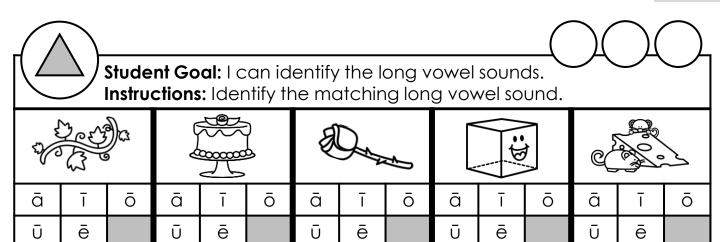


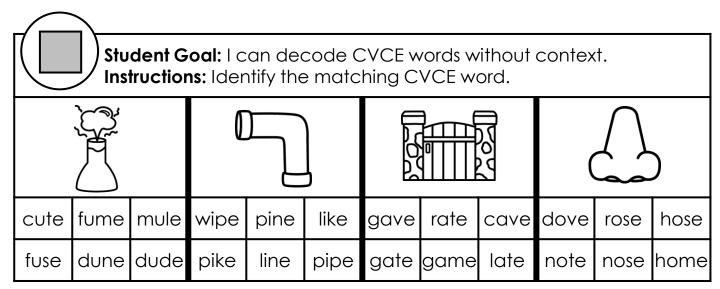
Student Name:	Grade Level:
Goal	Notes
Identify sounds.	
sh th ch wh ck	
Decode skill-based words.	
wish that this them then back duck pick	
much such with when which miss off will	
well tell bell he be we me she go so no	
black stop step spell spot still	
Identify irregular words. YOU YOUr they was here what who all play	
from are for or of	
Identify digraph sounds.	
sh ck th ch wh	
Decode and encode digraph, double ending and blend words. wish buzz crib swim bath shell truck flag	
shot chess block frog	
Decode skill-based sentences.	
The kids chat. Did he miss that? She can flush it.	
Will they press it? He has a red rash. The bell fell.	
That is a big mess. She will get a drill.	
Decode a complex digraphs, double endings, and beginning blends passage and answer comprehension questions for story elements - characters, setting, and problem/solution.	
Overall Notes:	

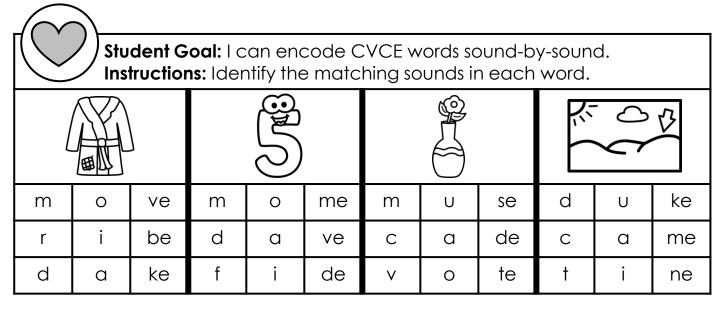
UNIT 4 Assessment

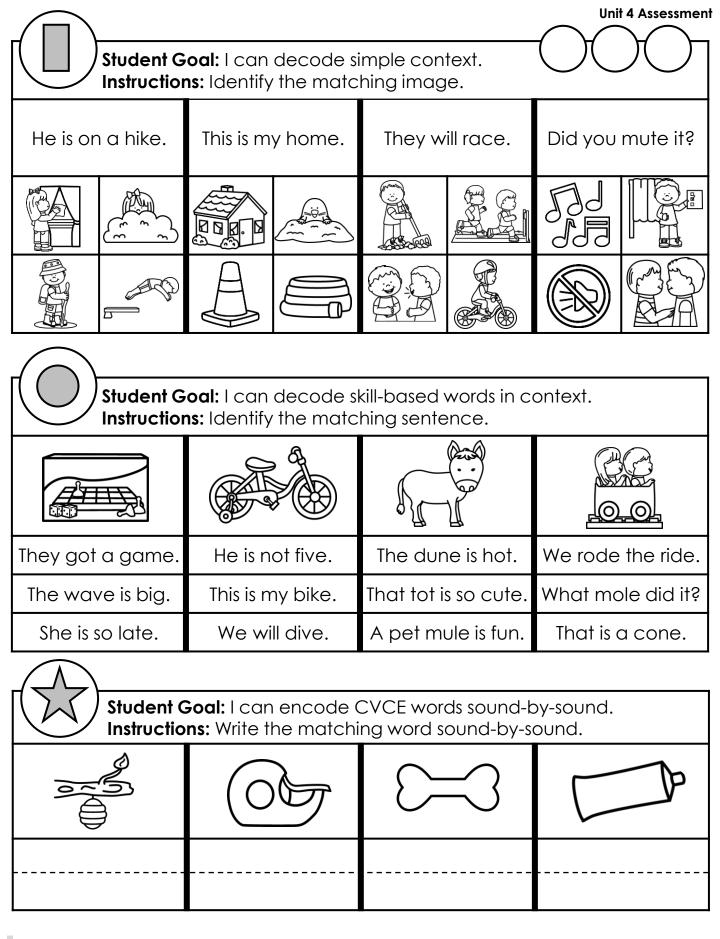
Name:













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can	came tal		take		C	ake	ma	ke	r	nade	\ominus	g	ave
ate	е		late		nc	ame	like		ride			five	
white		†	hose	Ż	use		these		place		9	why	
by			my										
he	er	\	were	,	or	nce	upo	on		little		h	ave
love			give		li	ve	cor	ne	some)	d	one
none		now		h	OW								

Chase came to the lake with a big case.

"Chase, what is in your case?" said Nate.

"This case has my flute in it," said Chase.

"Can you play us a tune with your flute?" said Jane with a nice smile. Chase did

open the case, but the flute was not in it.

Chase made a sad face and said, "I did not get the flute back in the case so I

cannot play it." Jane said, "It is ok, Chase!"

Listen and Answer: Who are the characters in the story?

Nate Dale Jane Chase

What is the setting of the story?

cave	zone	dune	lake

What is the problem in the story?

Chase got	Chase did	A big	Jane was			
sick at the	not have	snake bit	late to the			
lake.	his flute.	Nate.	lake.			





Bonus built-in mapping dots for students.

Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the vowel sound for each letter.

Put your finger on the triangle. Listen, **vine**. Find the matching vowel sound in **vine**.

Listen, cake. Find the matching vowel sound in cake.

Listen, **rose**. Find the matching vowel sound in **rose**.

Listen, cube. Find the matching vowel sound in cube.

Listen, mice. Find the matching vowel sound in mice.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a rake on the board. Write the words rake and cake. Have students decode both before choosing.

Put your finger on the square. Listen, fume. Find the matching word for fume.

Listen, pipe. Find the matching word for pipe.

Listen, gate. Find the matching word for gate.

Listen, **nose**. Find the matching word for **nose**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a kite on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the heart. Listen, **robe**. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in **robe**. Listen, **five**. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in **five**.

Listen, vase. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in vase.

Listen, **dune**. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in **dune**.



Students will decode the sentence and choose the matching picture. If needed, you may read the picture names if the student does not have the vocabulary knowledge.

Put your finger on the rectangle. Decode each sentence and choose the matching image.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a cane on the board. Write "I see a cane." and "I have a cape." Have students blend through both.

Put your finger on the circle. Listen, **game**. Find the matching sentence for **game**.

Listen, bike. Find the matching sentence for bike.

Listen, **mule**. Find the matching sentence for **mule**.

Listen, rode. Find the matching sentence for rode.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a pole on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the star. Listen, **hive**. Write the word **hive**.

Listen, **bone**. Write the word **bone**.

Listen, tape. Write the word tape. Listen, tube. Write the word tube.



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 Students will demonstrate long and short sounds knowledge.

Put your finger on the first sound. State the long or short sound. Continue to go through the vowels and state the matching sound. If you do not know the sound, tap the table and move to the next vowel.

came	take	cake	make	made	gave	
ate	late	name	like	ride	five	
white	those	use	these	place	why	
by	my					

Students will display their ability to decode CVCE words. These are high frequency words. However, these words are decodable, and students are allowed/encouraged to decode the words sound-by-sound if needed.

Put your finger on the first word. Read the word. If needed, stretch the word sound-by sound.

her were		once	upon	little	have		
love give		live	come	some	done		
none	now	how					

Students will demonstrate irregular word knowledge.

These are irregular words. They will contain irregular or heart sounds that you cannot fully decode. These are words you likely can tell me by sight. Put your finger on the first word. State the word.

Chase came to the lake with a big case.

"Chase, what is in your case?" said Nate.

"This case has my flute in it," said Chase.

"Can you play us a tune with your flute?" said Jane with a nice smile. Chase did open the case, but the flute was not in it.

Chase made a sad face and said, "I did not get the flute back in the case so I

cannot play it." Jane said, "It is ok, Chase!"

Students will display their ability to decode a complex CVCE words passage. After reading, students will be asked to display their reading comprehension of the passage.

Read the passage to discover the characters, setting, and problem of the story.

Students will identify the comprehension story elements from the passage.

Characters (Chase, Nate, Jane) Setting (lake)

Problem (Chase did note have his flute.)

Assessment Overview

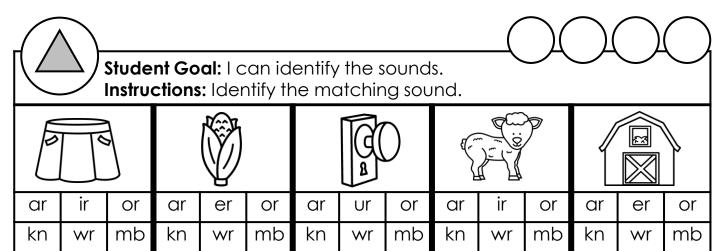


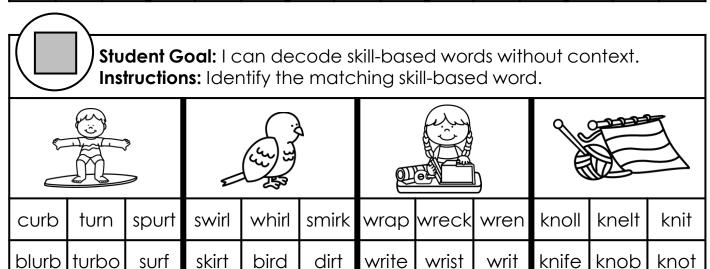
1000001110111 O TOTAL	
Student Name:	Grade Level:
Goal	Notes
Identify long and short vowel sounds. ĕ Ū Ō Ĭ Ō Ŭ Ē Ŏ Ī Ŏ	
came take cake make made gave ate late name like ride five white those use these place why by my	
Identify irregular words. her were once upon little have love give live come some done none now how	
Identify long vowel sounds. Ī Ō Ō Ū Ī	
Decode and encode CVCE words. fume pipe gate nose robe five vase dune hive tape bone tube	
Decode CVCE sentences. He is on a hike. This is my home. They will race. Did you mute it? They got a game. This is my bike. A pet mule is fun. We rode the ride.	
Decode a complex CVCE passage and answer comprehension questions for story elements - characters, setting, and problem/solution.	
Overall Notes:	

UNIT 5 Assessment

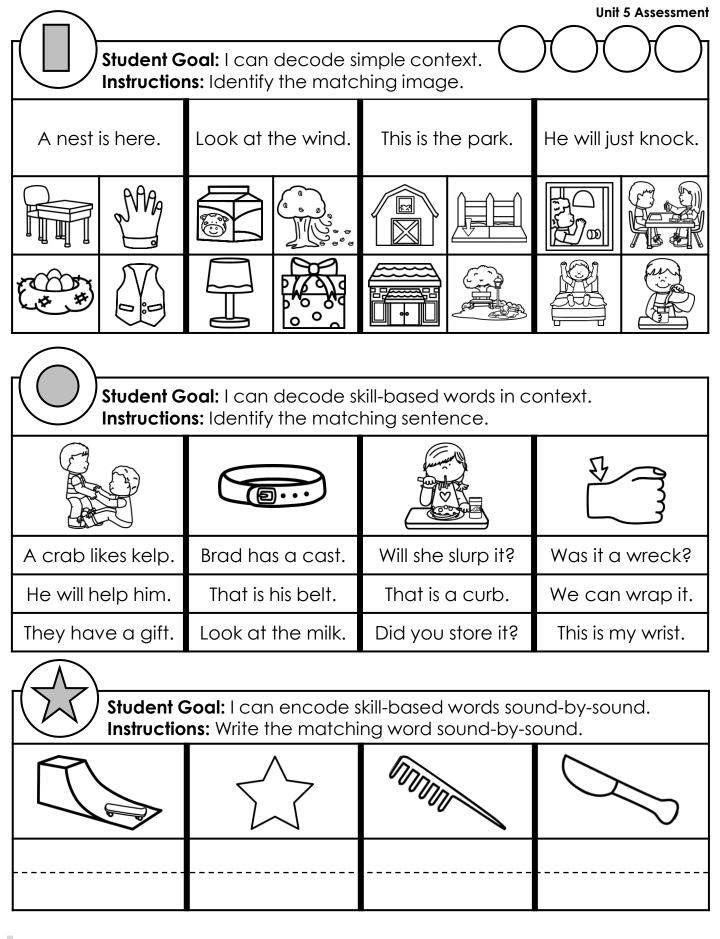
Name:







	Student Goal: I can encode skill-based words sound-by-sound. Instructions: Identify the matching sounds in each word.												
C			7		7				Å	%			
У	or	n	С	ar	ch	†	Φ	S	d	m	а	_	†
f	ar	k	р	er	t	d	i	n	†	r	i	f	d
b	ur	d	d	ir	d	S	0	f	k	р	0	n	k





ir		er	ar	•	or	ur		kn	wr	•	mb
left		he	elp		milk	land		jur	np	\	vent
ask		be	est		fast	just		la	st	ľ	nust
next	-	sm	all		call	fall		р	اار		full
think		thc	ank	k	oring	king		loi	ng		song
start	-	fc	ar		part	after	~	under		(over
bette	er —	fir	st		hurt	four		bef	ore	\	write
would	d	CO	uld	sł	nould	find		kir	nd	\ \	vant
alon	9	wa	ırm	\	work	word	}	WC	rld	C	other
mothe	er	wa	ter		sure	pictur	е	wh	ere	†	here
their they're		k	now	knew	/						

Mark had a big chest that was in his yard by the elm. "What is in your chest, Mark?" said Fern. Mark began to pull a box from the chest. There was a picture of a troll. "Why do you have a troll picture?" said Fern. Mark said, "This troll was a gift from my pal, Phil. I lost the troll and could not find it. My mom gave me this picture of the troll so I could remember it."

Listen and Answer: Who are the characters in the story?

Mark	Brent	Barb	Fern
What is the setting of the s	tory?		
camp	yard	park	gulf

What is the problem in the story?

·		i
	Mark lost his troll.	





Bonus built-in mapping dots for students.







Read aloud the picture name for students. Differentiation tip: Before completing this section, have students chorally generate the sound for each grapheme.

Put your finger on the triangle. Listen, skirt. Find the matching sound in skirt.

Listen, **corn**. Find the matching sound in **corn**.

Listen, **knob**. Find the matching sound in **knob**.

Listen, lamb. Find the matching sound in lamb.

Listen, **barn**. Find the matching sound in **barn**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a ramp on the board. Write the words damp and ramp. Have students decode both before choosing.

Put your finger on the square. Listen, surf. Find the matching word for surf.

Listen, bird. Find the matching word for bird.

Listen, wrap. Find the matching word for wrap.

Listen, **knit**. Find the matching word for **knit**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a cord on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the heart. Listen, **fork**. Identify the sounds in **fork**.

Listen, card. Identify the sounds in card.

Listen, tent. Identify the sounds in tent.

Listen, raft. Identify the sounds in raft.



Students will decode the sentence and choose the matching picture. If needed, you may read the picture names if the student does not have the vocabulary knowledge.

Put your finger on the rectangle. Decode each sentence and choose the matching image.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a yard on the board. Write "I see a yard." and "I see yarn." Have students blend through both.

Put your finger on the circle. Listen, **help**. Find the matching sentence for **help**.

Listen, **belt**. Find the matching sentence for **belt**.

Listen, **slurp**. Find the matching sentence for **slurp**.

Listen, wrist. Find the matching sentence for wrist.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a mask on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the star. Listen, ramp. Write the word ramp. Listen, comb. Write the word comb.

Listen, star. Write the word star. Listen, **knife**. Write the word **knife**.



ir er ar or ur kn wr mb Students will demonstrate r-control and silent letters sound knowledge.

Put your finger on the first sound. State the sound. Continue to go through the sounds oneby-one. If you do not know the sound, tap the table and move to the next sound.

left	help	milk	land	jump	went
ask	best	fast	just	last	must
next	small	call	fall	pull	full
think	thank	bring	king	long	song
start	far	part	after	under	over
better	first	hurt	four	before	write

Students will display their ability to decode skill-based words. These are high frequency words. However, these words are decodable, and students are allowed/encouraged to decode the words sound-by-sound if needed.

Put your finger on the first word. Read the word. If needed, stretch the word sound-by sound.

would	could	should	find	kind	want
along	warm	work	word	world	other
mother	water	sure	picture	where	there
their	they're	know	knew		

Students will demonstrate irregular word knowledge.

These are irregular words. They will contain irregular or heart sounds that you cannot fully decode. These are words you likely can tell me by sight. Put your finger on the first word. State the word.

Mark had a big chest that was in his yard by the elm. "What is in your chest, Mark?" said Fern. Mark began to pull a box from the chest. There was a picture of a troll. "Why do you have a troll picture?" said Fern. Mark said, "This troll was a gift from my pal, Phil. I lost the troll and could not find it. My mom gave me this picture of the troll so I could remember it."

Students will display their ability to decode a complex skill-based passage. After reading, students will be asked to display their reading comprehension of the passage.

Read the passage to discover the characters, setting, and problem of the story.

Students will identify the comprehension story elements from the passage.

Characters (Mark and Fern)
Setting (yard)
Problem (Mark lost his troll.)

Assessment Overview



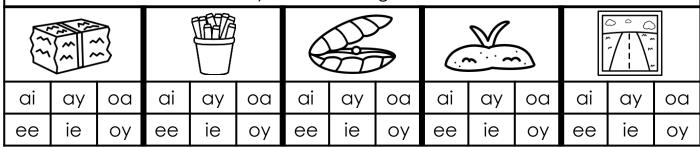
Student Name:	Grade Level:
Goal	Notes
Identify sounds in isolation. ir er ar or ur kn wr mb	
Decode skill-based words. left help milk land jump went ask best fast just last must next small call fall pull full think thank bring king long song start far part after under over better first hurt four before write	
Identify irregular words. would could should find kind want along warm work word world other mother water sure picture where there their they're know knew	
Identify sounds in words. ir or kn mb ar	
Decode and encode words. surf bird wrap knit fork card tent raft ramp star comb knife	
Decode skill-based sentences. A nest is here. Look at the wind. This is the park. He will just knock. He will help him. That is his belt. Will she slurp it? This is my wrist.	
Decode a complex ending blend and r-controlled words passage and answer comprehension questions for story elements - characters, setting, and problem/solution.	
Overall Notes:	
Overall Notes.	

UNIT 6 Assessment

Name:



Student Goal: I can identify the vowel variant.
Instructions: Identify the matching vowel variant sound.

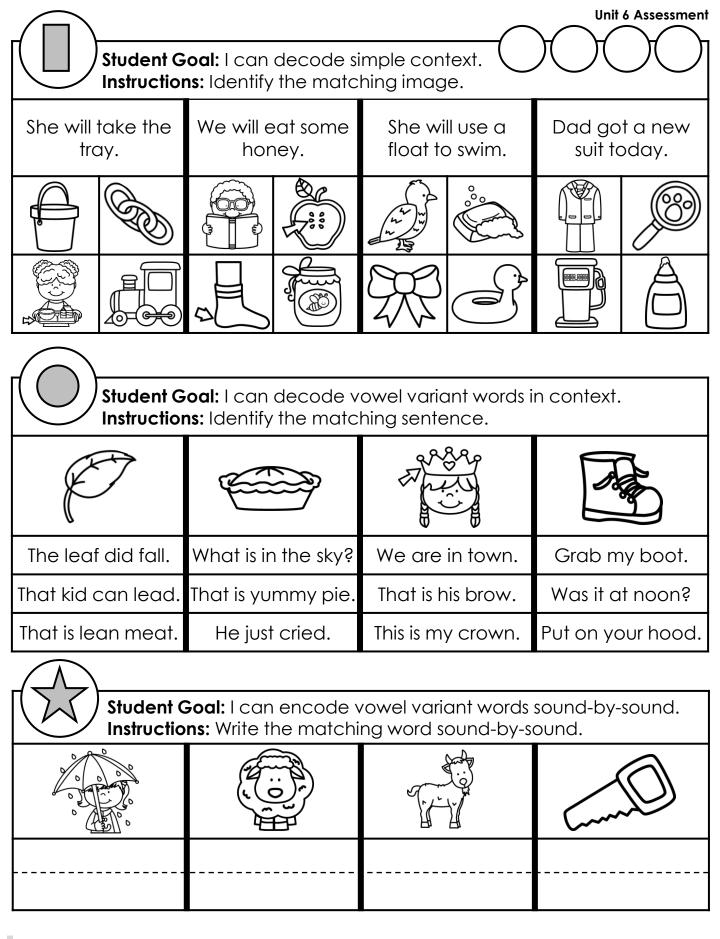


Student Goal: I can decode vowel variant words without context. Instructions: Identify the matching skill-based word.

weedl heel beet load boat toad might night sight suit fruit juice feel light bee goat | road right fight reel loaf cruise| news |bruise|

Student Goal: I can encode vowel variant words sound-by-sound. Instructions: Identify the matching sounds in each word.

		(000			
g	ow	р	f	oi	d	р	aw	n	е	b	†	ai	k
b	oa	†	b	ОУ	I	t	au	S	ch	С	r	ea	m
S	oe	d	S	00	†	I	а	m	р	S		ау	n





ai	ay	oa	ee	ie	ОУ
day	may	way	say	away	great
break	eight	green	sleep	keep	feet
three	each	mean	eat	funny	city
read	clean	please	own	show	grow
follow	yellow	right	light	high	blue
draw	saw	boy	thought	bought	out
round	found	sound	down	brown	new
too	soon	good	put	push	
again	today	any	many	very	pretty
goes	does	our	been	around	about
above	whose	two			

Taylor works on a freight train. She is the driver. Taylor saw an issue with the train rail. "Jay, grab a nail. We need to fix this train rail," said Taylor. Jay got the hammer and a nail. He hit the nail into the rail. "We are good to go now. We are off to our next city," said Taylor. All aboard! The light went from red to green. The freight train was off as it went down the train tracks.

Listen and Answer: Who are the characters in the story?

Taylor	Joy	Jay	Drew

What is the setting of the story?

beach	train shed	booth	train rail

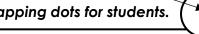
What is the problem in the story?

Jay could	The train	The train	Taylor was
not go to	got a new	rail was	too sick to
work.	wheel.	broken.	drive.





Bonus built-in mapping dots for students.





section, have students chorally generate the vowel sound for each letter.

Put your finger on the triangle. Listen, hay. Find the matching vowel sound in hay.

Listen, **fries**. Find the matching vowel sound in **fries**.

Listen, **oyster**. Find the matching vowel sound in **oyster**.

Listen, weed. Find the matching vowel sound in weed.

Listen, road. Find the matching vowel sound in road.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a coat on the board. Write the words coat and coal. Have students decode both before choosing.

Put your finger on the square. Listen, reel. Find the matching word for reel.

Listen, toad. Find the matching word for toad.

Listen, **night**. Find the matching word for **night**.

Listen, **cruise**. Find the matching word for **cruise**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a sail on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the heart. Listen, boat. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in boat. Listen, soil. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in soil.

Listen, launch. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in launch.

Listen, **break**. Identify the beginning, middle, and ending sounds in **break**.



Students will decode the sentence and choose the matching picture. If needed, you may read the picture names if the student does not have the vocabulary knowledge.

Put your finger on the rectangle. Decode each sentence and choose the matching image.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a snout on the board. Write "I see the scout." and "It is a snout." Have students blend through both.

Put your finger on the circle. Listen, **leaf**. Find the matching sentence for **leaf**.

Listen, **pie**. Find the matching sentence for **pie**.

Listen, **crown**. Find the matching sentence for **crown**.

Listen, **boot**. Find the matching sentence for **boot**.



Read aloud the picture name for students. Implementation tip: Draw a pail on the board. Encourage students to encode the word sound-by-sound.

Put your finger on the star. Listen, rain. Write the word rain. Listen, goat. Write the word goat.

Listen, **sheep**. Write the word **sheep**. Listen, saw. Write the word saw.



ai ay oa ee ie oy

Students will demonstrate vowel variant sound knowledge.

Put your finger on the first vowel variant. State the sound. Continue to go through the vowel variants and state the matching sound. If you do not know the sound, tap the table and move to the next vowel variant.

day	may	way	say	away	great
break	eight	green	sleep	keep	feet
three	each	mean	eat	funny	city
read	clean	please	own	show	grow
follow	yellow	right	light	high	blue
draw	saw	boy	thought	bought	out
round	found	sound	down	brown	new
too	soon	good	put	push	

Students will display their ability to decode skill-based words. These are high frequency words. However, these words are decodable, and students are allowed/encouraged to decode the words sound-by-sound if needed.

Put your finger on the first word. Read the word. If needed, stretch the word sound-by sound.

again	today	any	many	very	pretty
goes	does	our	been	around	about
above	whose	two			

Students will demonstrate irregular word knowledge.

These are irregular words. They will contain irregular or heart sounds that you cannot fully decode. These are words you likely can tell me by sight. Put your finger on the first word. State the word.

Taylor works on a freight train. She is the driver. Taylor saw an issue with the train rail. "Jay, grab a nail. We need to fix this train rail," said Taylor. Jay got the hammer and a nail. He hit the nail into the rail. "We are good to go now. We are off to our next city," said Taylor. **All aboard!** The light went from red to green. The freight train was off as it went down the train tracks.

Students will display their ability to decode a complex skill-based passage. After reading, students will be asked to display their reading comprehension of the passage.

Read the passage to discover the characters, setting, and problem of the story.

Students will identify the comprehension story elements from the passage.

Characters (Taylor and Jay)
Setting (train rail)
Problem (The train rail was broken.)

Assessment Overview



Student Name:	Grade Level:
Goal	Notes
Identify vowel variants. ai ay oa ee ie oy	
Decode skill-based words. day may way say away great break eight green sleep keep feet three each mean eat funny city read clean please own show grow follow yellow right light high blue draw saw boy thought bought out round found sound down brown new too soon good put push	
Identify irregular words. again today any many very pretty goes does our been around about above whose two	
Identify vowel variants in words. ai ay oa ee ie oy	
Decode and encode words. reel toad night cruise boat soil launch break rain sheep goat saw	
Decode skill-based sentences. She will take the tray. She will use a float to swim. The leaf did fall. This is my crown. We will eat some honey. Dad got a new suit today. That is yummy pie. Grab my boot.	
Decode a complex vowel variant passage and answer comprehension questions for story elements - characters, setting, and problem/solution.	
Overall Notes:	

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